

名前 \_\_\_\_\_

日付 \_\_\_\_\_ 時間 \_\_\_\_\_

**Classwork – て form + みる、しまう、いく、くる**

A. What would you say in the following situations? Answer using a form of ~てみる

(ア) You just baked a cake with a new recipe and you ask a friend to taste it.

\_\_\_\_\_

(イ) Your school's basketball team is playing tonight, and it should be a very good game. Invite a classmate to go and see it.

\_\_\_\_\_

(ウ) Your friend has just read a very interesting book and would you would like to read it, too, so s/he gives it to you. Tell him/her you will try reading it.

\_\_\_\_\_

(エ) A new song was just released. Find out if your friend has heard it.

\_\_\_\_\_

B. There are many time that people end up doing things they shouldn't have. Write down a few of those things using ~てしまう according to the directions.

Example: 両親の留守に (in my parent's absence) クッキーを全部食べてしまいました。  
りょうしん るす ぜんぶ

(ア) Something that you were not supposed to do but ended up doing when you were little.  
(小さいときに)

\_\_\_\_\_

(イ) Something that a friend did to you.

\_\_\_\_\_

(ウ) Something you did in class.

\_\_\_\_\_

(エ) Something you did while your parents were gone.

\_\_\_\_\_

C. Complete the dialogues using ～て行こう

Example: 今日は寒いね。

じゃ、セーターを（もつ）→ じゃ、セータをもって行こう。

(ア) 今日は雨が降るかもしれないよ。

じゃ、かさ<sup>umbrella</sup>を\_\_\_\_\_。(もつ)

(イ) この歌<sup>うた</sup>はいいよ。

じゃ、ちょっと\_\_\_\_\_。(聞く)

(ウ) お茶<sup>ちゃ</sup>はいかが？

じゃ、ちょっと\_\_\_\_\_。(飲む)

(エ) まだ時間<sup>じかん</sup>があるよ。

じゃ、\_\_\_\_\_。(歩く)

D. Make up sentences putting each of the following into ～てくる form. Be creative.

Example: 食べる → あまり時間<sup>じかん</sup>がなかったので、マクドナルドでハンバーガーを食べてきた。

(ア) \_\_\_\_\_。(見る)

English meaning: \_\_\_\_\_

(イ) \_\_\_\_\_。(運転<sup>うんでん</sup>する)

English meaning: \_\_\_\_\_

(ウ) \_\_\_\_\_。(楽<sup>たの</sup>しくなる)

English meaning: \_\_\_\_\_

(エ) \_\_\_\_\_。(わかる)

English meaning: \_\_\_\_\_